

Adding Doubles Minus 1 (A)

Use an adding doubles strategy to find each sum

Example: $8 + 7 = 8 + 8 - 1 = 16 - 1 = 15$

$5 + 4 =$

$6 + 5 =$

$2 + 1 =$

$9 + 8 =$

$8 + 7 =$

$10 + 9 =$

$3 + 2 =$

$3 + 2 =$

$7 + 6 =$

$4 + 3 =$

$2 + 1 =$

$4 + 3 =$

$7 + 6 =$

$10 + 9 =$

$1 + 0 =$

$6 + 5 =$

$1 + 0 =$

$5 + 4 =$

$10 + 9 =$

$4 + 3 =$

$8 + 7 =$

$2 + 1 =$

$7 + 6 =$

$9 + 8 =$

$8 + 7 =$

$5 + 4 =$

$6 + 5 =$

$1 + 0 =$

$9 + 8 =$

$3 + 2 =$

Adding Doubles Minus 1 (A) Answers

Use an adding doubles strategy to find each sum

Example: $8 + 7 = 8 + 8 - 1 = 16 - 1 = 15$

$5 + 4 =$

$5 + 5 - 1 = 9$

$10 - 1 = 9$

$9 + 8 =$

$9 + 9 - 1 = 17$

$18 - 1 = 17$

$3 + 2 =$

$3 + 3 - 1 = 5$

$6 - 1 = 5$

$4 + 3 =$

$4 + 4 - 1 = 7$

$8 - 1 = 7$

$7 + 6 =$

$7 + 7 - 1 = 13$

$14 - 1 = 13$

$6 + 5 =$

$6 + 6 - 1 = 11$

$12 - 1 = 11$

$10 + 9 =$

$10 + 10 - 1 = 19$

$20 - 1 = 19$

$2 + 1 =$

$2 + 2 - 1 = 3$

$4 - 1 = 3$

$8 + 7 =$

$8 + 8 - 1 = 15$

$16 - 1 = 15$

$1 + 0 =$

$1 + 1 - 1 = 1$

$2 - 1 = 1$

$6 + 5 =$

$6 + 6 - 1 = 11$

$12 - 1 = 11$

$8 + 7 =$

$8 + 8 - 1 = 15$

$16 - 1 = 15$

$3 + 2 =$

$3 + 3 - 1 = 5$

$6 - 1 = 5$

$2 + 1 =$

$2 + 2 - 1 = 3$

$4 - 1 = 3$

$10 + 9 =$

$10 + 10 - 1 = 19$

$20 - 1 = 19$

$1 + 0 =$

$1 + 1 - 1 = 1$

$2 - 1 = 1$

$4 + 3 =$

$4 + 4 - 1 = 7$

$8 - 1 = 7$

$7 + 6 =$

$7 + 7 - 1 = 13$

$14 - 1 = 13$

$5 + 4 =$

$5 + 5 - 1 = 9$

$10 - 1 = 9$

$9 + 8 =$

$9 + 9 - 1 = 17$

$18 - 1 = 17$

$2 + 1 =$

$2 + 2 - 1 = 3$

$4 - 1 = 3$

$10 + 9 =$

$10 + 10 - 1 = 19$

$20 - 1 = 19$

$7 + 6 =$

$7 + 7 - 1 = 13$

$14 - 1 = 13$

$4 + 3 =$

$4 + 4 - 1 = 7$

$8 - 1 = 7$

$1 + 0 =$

$1 + 1 - 1 = 1$

$2 - 1 = 1$

$5 + 4 =$

$5 + 5 - 1 = 9$

$10 - 1 = 9$

$8 + 7 =$

$8 + 8 - 1 = 15$

$16 - 1 = 15$

$9 + 8 =$

$9 + 9 - 1 = 17$

$18 - 1 = 17$

$6 + 5 =$

$6 + 6 - 1 = 11$

$12 - 1 = 11$

$3 + 2 =$

$3 + 3 - 1 = 5$

$6 - 1 = 5$