

# Solving Quadratic Equations (A)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each equation for x.

$$1. \ -3x^2 + 11x - 6 = 0$$

$$11. \ -3x^2 + 17x + 56 = 0$$

$$2. \ -4x^2 - 27x - 35 = 0$$

$$12. \ -5x^2 - 11x - 6 = 0$$

$$3. \ 5x^2 - 19x - 4 = 0$$

$$13. \ -4x^2 - 20x - 21 = 0$$

$$4. \ 5x^2 + 39x + 28 = 0$$

$$14. \ -x^2 + 10x - 24 = 0$$

$$5. \ 4x^2 - 13x + 10 = 0$$

$$15. \ -3x^2 - 14x - 15 = 0$$

$$6. \ -2x^2 + 17x - 36 = 0$$

$$16. \ 5x^2 - 26x + 5 = 0$$

$$7. \ 2x^2 - 3x - 35 = 0$$

$$17. \ 3x^2 - 7x + 4 = 0$$

$$8. \ x^2 + 8x + 12 = 0$$

$$18. \ x^2 + 5x - 36 = 0$$

$$9. \ 4x^2 - 7x - 15 = 0$$

$$19. \ 2x^2 + 21x + 49 = 0$$

$$10. \ -4x^2 - 20x - 9 = 0$$

$$20. \ x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0$$

# Solving Quadratic Equations (A) Answers

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each equation for x.

$$1. \ -3x^2 + 11x - 6 = 0$$
$$-(3x - 2)(x - 3) = 0$$
$$x = \frac{2}{3}, 3$$

$$2. \ -4x^2 - 27x - 35 = 0$$
$$-(x + 5)(4x + 7) = 0$$
$$x = -5, -1\frac{3}{4}$$

$$3. \ 5x^2 - 19x - 4 = 0$$
$$(x - 4)(5x + 1) = 0$$
$$x = 4, -\frac{1}{5}$$

$$4. \ 5x^2 + 39x + 28 = 0$$
$$(5x + 4)(x + 7) = 0$$
$$x = -\frac{4}{5}, -7$$

$$5. \ 4x^2 - 13x + 10 = 0$$
$$(4x - 5)(x - 2) = 0$$
$$x = 1\frac{1}{4}, 2$$

$$6. \ -2x^2 + 17x - 36 = 0$$
$$-(2x - 9)(x - 4) = 0$$
$$x = 4\frac{1}{2}, 4$$

$$7. \ 2x^2 - 3x - 35 = 0$$
$$(2x + 7)(x - 5) = 0$$
$$x = -3\frac{1}{2}, 5$$

$$8. \ x^2 + 8x + 12 = 0$$
$$(x + 2)(x + 6) = 0$$
$$x = -2, -6$$

$$9. \ 4x^2 - 7x - 15 = 0$$
$$(4x + 5)(x - 3) = 0$$
$$x = -1\frac{1}{4}, 3$$

$$10. \ -4x^2 - 20x - 9 = 0$$
$$-(2x + 1)(2x + 9) = 0$$
$$x = -\frac{1}{2}, -4\frac{1}{2}$$

$$11. \ -3x^2 + 17x + 56 = 0$$
$$-(x - 8)(3x + 7) = 0$$
$$x = 8, -2\frac{1}{3}$$

$$12. \ -5x^2 - 11x - 6 = 0$$
$$-(5x + 6)(x + 1) = 0$$
$$x = -1\frac{1}{5}, -1$$

$$13. \ -4x^2 - 20x - 21 = 0$$
$$-(2x + 7)(2x + 3) = 0$$
$$x = -3\frac{1}{2}, -1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$14. \ -x^2 + 10x - 24 = 0$$
$$-(x - 4)(x - 6) = 0$$
$$x = 4, 6$$

$$15. \ -3x^2 - 14x - 15 = 0$$
$$-(3x + 5)(x + 3) = 0$$
$$x = -1\frac{2}{3}, -3$$

$$16. \ 5x^2 - 26x + 5 = 0$$
$$(5x - 1)(x - 5) = 0$$
$$x = \frac{1}{5}, 5$$

$$17. \ 3x^2 - 7x + 4 = 0$$
$$(x - 1)(3x - 4) = 0$$
$$x = 1, 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$18. \ x^2 + 5x - 36 = 0$$
$$(x - 4)(x + 9) = 0$$
$$x = 4, -9$$

$$19. \ 2x^2 + 21x + 49 = 0$$
$$(x + 7)(2x + 7) = 0$$
$$x = -7, -3\frac{1}{2}$$

$$20. \ x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0$$
$$(x + 6)(x - 4) = 0$$
$$x = -6, 4$$