

# Solving Quadratic Equations (H)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each equation for x.

1.  $-9x^2 - 45x - 56 = 0$

11.  $3x^2 - 17x - 6 = 0$

2.  $x^2 + 7x + 6 = 0$

12.  $-6x^2 + 7x - 2 = 0$

3.  $9x^2 + 11x + 2 = 0$

13.  $2x^2 + 5x - 63 = 0$

4.  $4x^2 - 20x + 9 = 0$

14.  $2x^2 - 13x + 18 = 0$

5.  $5x^2 + 29x + 20 = 0$

15.  $5x^2 + 13x + 6 = 0$

6.  $4x^2 + 27x - 81 = 0$

16.  $4x^2 + 25x - 56 = 0$

7.  $-3x^2 - x + 24 = 0$

17.  $9x^2 + 25x - 6 = 0$

8.  $-6x^2 + 17x - 10 = 0$

18.  $-4x^2 + 13x + 12 = 0$

9.  $6x^2 + 31x + 5 = 0$

19.  $8x^2 + 42x + 49 = 0$

10.  $2x^2 - 7x - 4 = 0$

20.  $-8x^2 + 35x - 12 = 0$

# Solving Quadratic Equations (H) Answers

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each equation for x.

- $-9x^2 - 45x - 56 = 0$   
 $-(3x + 8)(3x + 7) = 0$   
 $x = -2\frac{2}{3}, -2\frac{1}{3}$
- $x^2 + 7x + 6 = 0$   
 $(x + 1)(x + 6) = 0$   
 $x = -1, -6$
- $9x^2 + 11x + 2 = 0$   
 $(9x + 2)(x + 1) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{2}{9}, -1$
- $4x^2 - 20x + 9 = 0$   
 $(2x - 1)(2x - 9) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{2}, 4\frac{1}{2}$
- $5x^2 + 29x + 20 = 0$   
 $(5x + 4)(x + 5) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{4}{5}, -5$
- $4x^2 + 27x - 81 = 0$   
 $(4x - 9)(x + 9) = 0$   
 $x = 2\frac{1}{4}, -9$
- $-3x^2 - x + 24 = 0$   
 $-(x + 3)(3x - 8) = 0$   
 $x = -3, 2\frac{2}{3}$
- $-6x^2 + 17x - 10 = 0$   
 $-(6x - 5)(x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{5}{6}, 2$
- $6x^2 + 31x + 5 = 0$   
 $(6x + 1)(x + 5) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{1}{6}, -5$
- $2x^2 - 7x - 4 = 0$   
 $(x - 4)(2x + 1) = 0$   
 $x = 4, -\frac{1}{2}$
- $3x^2 - 17x - 6 = 0$   
 $(x - 6)(3x + 1) = 0$   
 $x = 6, -\frac{1}{3}$
- $-6x^2 + 7x - 2 = 0$   
 $-(2x - 1)(3x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}$
- $2x^2 + 5x - 63 = 0$   
 $(2x - 9)(x + 7) = 0$   
 $x = 4\frac{1}{2}, -7$
- $2x^2 - 13x + 18 = 0$   
 $(2x - 9)(x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = 4\frac{1}{2}, 2$
- $5x^2 + 13x + 6 = 0$   
 $(x + 2)(5x + 3) = 0$   
 $x = -2, -\frac{3}{5}$
- $4x^2 + 25x - 56 = 0$   
 $(x + 8)(4x - 7) = 0$   
 $x = -8, 1\frac{3}{4}$
- $9x^2 + 25x - 6 = 0$   
 $(9x - 2)(x + 3) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{2}{9}, -3$
- $-4x^2 + 13x + 12 = 0$   
 $-(4x + 3)(x - 4) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{3}{4}, 4$
- $8x^2 + 42x + 49 = 0$   
 $(2x + 7)(4x + 7) = 0$   
 $x = -3\frac{1}{2}, -1\frac{3}{4}$
- $-8x^2 + 35x - 12 = 0$   
 $-(8x - 3)(x - 4) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{3}{8}, 4$