## Comparing Percents of Numbers (I)

What is greater? Use $<,>$, or $=$ for each pair.
$84 \%$ of 36 $\qquad$ $89 \%$ of 15
$10 \%$ of $89 \ldots 73 \%$ of 60
$8 \%$ of 14 $\qquad$ $79 \%$ of 80
$59 \%$ of 27 $\qquad$ $65 \%$ of 57
$19 \%$ of $96 \_3 \%$ of 45
$43 \%$ of $4 \ldots 15 \%$ of 93
$45 \%$ of 82 $\qquad$ $54 \%$ of 56
$2 \%$ of 58 $\qquad$ $44 \%$ of 74
$5 \%$ of 78 $\qquad$ $12 \%$ of 32
$40 \%$ of 95 $\qquad$ $65 \%$ of 23
$43 \%$ of 82 $\qquad$ $56 \%$ of 70
$90 \%$ of 46 $\qquad$ $53 \%$ of 11
$64 \%$ of 43 $\qquad$ $82 \%$ of 69
$10 \%$ of 96 $\qquad$ $95 \%$ of 74
$96 \%$ of 22 $\qquad$ $56 \%$ of 89
$78 \%$ of 2 $\qquad$ $98 \%$ of 32
$41 \%$ of 85 $\qquad$ $59 \%$ of 49
$61 \%$ of $9 \ldots 20 \%$ of 24
$49 \%$ of 77 $\qquad$ $68 \%$ of 70 82\%

## Comparing Percents of Numbers (I) Answers

What is greater? Use $<,>$, or $=$ for each pair.

| $84 \%$ of $36>89 \%$ of 15 | $10 \%$ of $89<73 \%$ of 60 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $30.24>13.35$ | $8.9<43.8$ |
| $8 \%$ of $14<79 \%$ of 80 | $3 \%$ of $60<59 \%$ of 60 |
| $1.12<63.2$ | $1.8<35.4$ |
|  |  |
| $59 \%$ of $27<65 \%$ of 57 | $19 \%$ of $96>3 \%$ of 45 |
| $15.93<37.05$ | $18.24>1.35$ |
|  |  |
| $45 \%$ of $82>54 \%$ of 56 | $43 \%$ of $4<15 \%$ of 93 |
| $36.9>30.24$ | $1.72<13.95$ |
|  |  |
| $2 \%$ of $58<44 \%$ of 74 | $10 \%$ of $96<95 \%$ of 74 |
| $1.16<32.56$ | $9.6<70.3$ |

$5 \%$ of $78>12 \%$ of 32
$96 \%$ of $22<56 \%$ of 89
$3.9>3.84$
$21.12<49.84$
$40 \%$ of $95>65 \%$ of 23
$78 \%$ of $2<98 \%$ of 32
$38>14.95$
$1.56<31.36$
$43 \%$ of $82<56 \%$ of 70
$35.26<39.2$
$41 \%$ of $85>59 \%$ of 49
$34.85>28.91$
$90 \%$ of $46>53 \%$ of 11
$61 \%$ of $9>20 \%$ of 24
$41.4>5.83$
$5.49>4.8$
$64 \%$ of $43<82 \%$ of 69
$27.52<56.58$
$49 \%$ of $77<68 \%$ of 70
$37.73<47.6$

