

## Integer Addition (G)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

These questions result in **positive sums** because the absolute value of the positive integer is greater than the absolute value of the negative integer.

$9 + (-2) =$                        $(-6) + 9 =$                        $4 + (-1) =$                        $(-2) + 4 =$

$(-6) + 8 =$                        $6 + (-4) =$                        $7 + (-5) =$                        $8 + (-1) =$

$(-4) + 7 =$                        $9 + (-5) =$                        $5 + (-4) =$                        $(-2) + 5 =$

$(-5) + 8 =$                        $(-7) + 9 =$                        $5 + (-3) =$                        $(-2) + 8 =$

$(-5) + 6 =$                        $(-1) + 2 =$                        $(-2) + 3 =$                        $(-1) + 7 =$

These questions result in **negative sums** because the absolute value of the negative integer is greater than the absolute value of the positive integer.

$2 + (-8) =$                        $1 + (-9) =$                        $(-6) + 5 =$                        $(-4) + 2 =$

$(-8) + 4 =$                        $(-7) + 5 =$                        $8 + (-9) =$                        $3 + (-8) =$

$(-6) + 2 =$                        $(-3) + 1 =$                        $6 + (-8) =$                        $2 + (-7) =$

$7 + (-8) =$                        $(-7) + 4 =$                        $2 + (-9) =$                        $(-4) + 1 =$

$(-4) + 3 =$                        $(-8) + 5 =$                        $(-9) + 3 =$                        $(-9) + 5 =$

These questions let you practice recognizing which sums are **negative, positive or zero**.

$4 + (-6) =$                        $9 + (-3) =$                        $(-5) + 7 =$                        $(-9) + 7 =$

$8 + (-8) =$                        $(-8) + 9 =$                        $1 + (-6) =$                        $7 + (-1) =$

$(-5) + 8 =$                        $(-3) + 5 =$                        $(-8) + 7 =$                        $9 + (-5) =$

$(-8) + 2 =$                        $(-7) + 3 =$                        $7 + (-7) =$                        $4 + (-5) =$

$8 + (-3) =$                        $(-6) + 6 =$                        $(-4) + 4 =$                        $(-2) + 7 =$

## Integer Addition (G) Answers

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Score: \_\_\_\_\_

These questions result in **positive sums** because the absolute value of the positive integer is greater than the absolute value of the negative integer.

$9 + (-2) = 7$

$(-6) + 9 = 3$

$4 + (-1) = 3$

$(-2) + 4 = 2$

$(-6) + 8 = 2$

$6 + (-4) = 2$

$7 + (-5) = 2$

$8 + (-1) = 7$

$(-4) + 7 = 3$

$9 + (-5) = 4$

$5 + (-4) = 1$

$(-2) + 5 = 3$

$(-5) + 8 = 3$

$(-7) + 9 = 2$

$5 + (-3) = 2$

$(-2) + 8 = 6$

$(-5) + 6 = 1$

$(-1) + 2 = 1$

$(-2) + 3 = 1$

$(-1) + 7 = 6$

These questions result in **negative sums** because the absolute value of the negative integer is greater than the absolute value of the positive integer.

$2 + (-8) = -6$

$1 + (-9) = -8$

$(-6) + 5 = -1$

$(-4) + 2 = -2$

$(-8) + 4 = -4$

$(-7) + 5 = -2$

$8 + (-9) = -1$

$3 + (-8) = -5$

$(-6) + 2 = -4$

$(-3) + 1 = -2$

$6 + (-8) = -2$

$2 + (-7) = -5$

$7 + (-8) = -1$

$(-7) + 4 = -3$

$2 + (-9) = -7$

$(-4) + 1 = -3$

$(-4) + 3 = -1$

$(-8) + 5 = -3$

$(-9) + 3 = -6$

$(-9) + 5 = -4$

These questions let you practice recognizing which sums are **negative, positive or zero**.

$4 + (-6) = -2$

$9 + (-3) = 6$

$(-5) + 7 = 2$

$(-9) + 7 = -2$

$8 + (-8) = 0$

$(-8) + 9 = 1$

$1 + (-6) = -5$

$7 + (-1) = 6$

$(-5) + 8 = 3$

$(-3) + 5 = 2$

$(-8) + 7 = -1$

$9 + (-5) = 4$

$(-8) + 2 = -6$

$(-7) + 3 = -4$

$7 + (-7) = 0$

$4 + (-5) = -1$

$8 + (-3) = 5$

$(-6) + 6 = 0$

$(-4) + 4 = 0$

$(-2) + 7 = 5$