## Distributive Property Multiplication (I)

Name:

Date:

Score:

Use the distributive property of multiplication to calculate each product.

Ex. 56 × 8

$$= (50+6)\times(8)$$

$$= (50 \times 8) + (6 \times 8)$$

$$= 400 + 48 = \boxed{448}$$

6. 
$$11 \times 5$$

2. 
$$75 \times 5$$

7. 
$$86 \times 7$$

4. 
$$51 \times 2$$

10. 
$$64 \times 9$$

## Distributive Property Multiplication (I) Answers

Name: Date: Score:

Use the distributive property of multiplication to calculate each product.

Ex. 
$$56 \times 8$$
  
=  $(50 + 6) \times (8)$   
=  $(50 \times 8) + (6 \times 8)$   
=  $400 + 48 = 448$ 

1. 
$$21 \times 8$$
  
=  $(20 + 1) \times (8)$   
=  $(20 \times 8) + (1 \times 8)$   
=  $160 + 8 = \boxed{168}$ 

2. 
$$75 \times 5$$
  
=  $(70 + 5) \times (5)$   
=  $(70 \times 5) + (5 \times 5)$   
=  $350 + 25 = 375$ 

3. 
$$88 \times 6$$
  
=  $(80 + 8) \times (6)$   
=  $(80 \times 6) + (8 \times 6)$   
=  $480 + 48 = 528$ 

4. 
$$51 \times 2$$
  
=  $(50 + 1) \times (2)$   
=  $(50 \times 2) + (1 \times 2)$   
=  $100 + 2 = \boxed{102}$ 

5. 
$$76 \times 7$$
  
=  $(70 + 6) \times (7)$   
=  $(70 \times 7) + (6 \times 7)$   
=  $490 + 42 = \boxed{532}$ 

6. 
$$11 \times 5$$
  
=  $(10 + 1) \times (5)$   
=  $(10 \times 5) + (1 \times 5)$   
=  $50 + 5 = 55$ 

7. 
$$86 \times 7$$
  
=  $(80 + 6) \times (7)$   
=  $(80 \times 7) + (6 \times 7)$   
=  $560 + 42 = 602$ 

8. 
$$31 \times 3$$
  
=  $(30 + 1) \times (3)$   
=  $(30 \times 3) + (1 \times 3)$   
=  $90 + 3 = \boxed{93}$ 

9. 
$$84 \times 6$$
  
=  $(80 + 4) \times (6)$   
=  $(80 \times 6) + (4 \times 6)$   
=  $480 + 24 = \boxed{504}$ 

10. 
$$64 \times 9$$
  
=  $(60 + 4) \times (9)$   
=  $(60 \times 9) + (4 \times 9)$   
=  $540 + 36 = 576$